Frpm N.Y.Times, 11/3/75, "Ford Asks Senate to Bar Release of Death Plot Data"

Also late Friday, in a case brought by the American Civil Liberties Union, the Department of Justice filed affidavits opposing efforts to make public Government documents on foreign assassination plots.

The Government affidavits disclosed for the first time that the C.I.A. and the Sate Department had discovered 62 documents on political assassinations spanning the terms of three Presidents.

In one series of "dispatches," according to the affidavit, is a communication from the C.I.A. dated "22 November 1963" and classified secret. That is the date President Kennedy was assassinated in Dallas. The communication is one of eight "dispatches" that a C.I.A. official said in the affidavit should not be made public because they "concern a sensitive covert operation."

Ever since the investigation of C.I.A. plots began, there has been a growing question of whether United States activities might in some way be connected with the shooting of President Kennedy. The dispatch on that date appeared to be connected with the activities of Lee Harvey Oswald, who the Warren Commission concluded was the assassin.

The C.I.A. also opposed the publication of a dispatch dated Oct. 11, 1963, which intelligence officers have said was the date the C.I.A. advised the Federal Bureau of Investigation that Oswald was in Mexico City.

The entire list of 62 document indicated that planning of political assassinations, possibly the plot against Prime-Minister Fidel Castro of Cuba, began as early as March 9, 1960, and apparently was discussed at the "first meeting of an agency task force." This was nearly a year before President Eisenhower left office and President Kennedy came in.

There are also numerous documents dated around the time ofthe Bay of Pigs aborted invasion of Cuba, in April 1961 and the murder of the Dominican Republic dictator, Rafael Trujillo Molina, on May 31, 1961.